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[Inclosure.]

Statistics from July 1 to September 15, 1900.

	Matanzas.	Cardenas.	Sagua.	Caibarien.
Number of passengers inspected.....	632	33	35	.....
Number of passengers vaccinated.....	5	.....	.....	.....
Number of vessels inspected and passed.....	38	<i>a</i> 92	11	6
Number of vessels passed without inspection.....	33	33	<i>b</i> 149	35
Number of vessels disinfected.....	12	.....	.....	.....
Number of pieces of baggage inspected.....	661	1	2	.....
Number of pieces of baggage disinfected.....	315	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,696	159	197	41

a Eighty of the above were small coasting schooners and boats.*b* One hundred and twenty-nine of the above were small coasting schooners and boats.*Reports from Matanzas, Cardenas, Isabela de Sagua, and Caibarien.*MANTANZAS, CUBA, *September 26, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following sanitary report of the quarantine district under my command during the week ended September 22, 1900:

Mantanzas.—Twenty deaths occurred in the city of Mantanzas during the period covered by this report, showing a mortality of 23.04 per thousand. The principal causes of deaths were as follows: Tuberculosis, 3; nephritis, 1; meningitis, 1; enteritis, 1; dysentery, 1; pernicious fever, 1; malarial fever, 1; heart disease, 1; atresia, 1; gunshot wound, 1; rickets, 1; broncho-pneumonia, 1; infantile tetanus, 1; cancer, 1; cerebral congestion, 1; other causes, 3. The following cases of an infectious or contagious character were reported: Typhoid fever, 1; dysentery, 1. Three vessels arrived during the week; 2 of these were inspected and passed and 1 passed without inspection. One bill of health was issued to foreign vessel. The British steamship *Ardanrose*, bound for Mobile, Ala., was disinfected on the 21st at this port. Four pieces of baggage were inspected and passed and 2 were disinfected; 50 bundles of bedding and clothes were disinfected from the British steamship *Ardanrose*.

Cardenas.—Acting Asst. Surg. Enrique Saez reports that 5 deaths occurred during the week. The principal causes of deaths were as follows: Typhoid fever, 1; enteritis, 1; heart disease, 1; other causes, 2. No case of infectious or contagious character was reported. The death rate during the week was 10.50 per 1,000. Six coasting vessels arrived during the week and were inspected and passed. Three bills of health were issued to foreign vessels.

Isabela de Sagua.—Acting Asst. Surg. Pedro Garcia Riera reports that the death rate during the week was 18.77 per 1,000. One of the cases of yellow fever previously reported died on the 21st instant. Further investigation has shown that the infection originated in Havana. All precautions have been taken in the isolation of these cases and no others have thus far developed. One foreign vessel was inspected and passed on arrival. Three bills of health were issued to foreign vessels and 9 certificates of inspection to coasting vessels.

Caibarien.—Acting Asst. Surg. Leoncio Junco reports that the sanitary condition of port and town is good, malarial fever being the prevalent disease. Four vessels arrived during the week and were

passed without inspection. Two bills of health were issued to foreign vessels and 2 certificates of inspection to coasting vessels.

Respectfully,

G. M. GUITÉRAS,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Nuevitas and subports.

NUEVITAS, CUBA, *September 25, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended September 22, 1900:

Nuevitas.—During this week 6 vessels have arrived and 5 bills of health have been issued. Two deaths have occurred, 1 from typhoid fever, and the other from tetanus infantum. This last disease, tetanus infantum, is very common in this town on account of the lack of aseptic measures and popular prejudices in the dressing of the umbilical cord. The sanitary condition is fair.

Reports of substations.

Puerto Padre.—Arrivals, 4; bills of health, 4; deaths, 1; sanitary condition, fair.

Gibara.—Arrivals, 5; bills of health, 4; deaths, 2.

Baracoa.—Arrivals, 6; bills of health, 7; deaths, 3; sanitary condition, fair.

No report from Banés and Mayarí.

Respectfully,

OWEN W. STONE,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Santiago, Manzanillo, Guantánamo, and Daiquirí.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, *September 26, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following sanitary report of the fourth quarantine division of the island of Cuba, under my command, for the week ended September 22, 1900.

Santiago.—There was a total of 14 deaths, a decrease of 4 from the preceding week, making the death rate for this week 16.93 per 1,000. The principal causes of deaths were the following: Tuberculosis, 1; enteric fever, 1; malarial fever, 1; septicæmia, 2; chronic nephritis, 1; perforation of intestine, 1; bronchitis, 1; other causes, 6; total, 14.

On September 16, 1900, the provisional flag steamship *Julia* was disinfected prior to sailing for San Juan, P. R. Twelve immune certificates were issued to passengers and their baggage disinfected.

On September 22, 1900, the U. S. A. transport *Rawlins* arrived from New York via San Juan, P. R., and was boarded at the entrance of the harbor immediately upon the information that the boat had gone aground. Twenty-four passengers from this transport were destined for this port.

Manzanillo.—Acting Asst. Surg. R. de Socarras reports 3 deaths from the following causes: Phthisis, 1; intussusception, 1; gunshot wound, 1; total, 3. Population, 14,464; death rate, 10.8. No more cases of smallpox were reported.

Guantánamo.—Acting Asst. Surg. Luis Espin reports 4 deaths from